TED	(10)-	4001

(REVISION-2010)

Reg. No.	
Sionature	

# THIRD SEMESTER DIPLOMA EXAMINATION IN ENGINEERING/ TECHNOLOGY—MARCH, 2014

### BUILDING PLANNING AND DRAWING

(Common for CE, QS, EN and WR)

[Time: 3 hours

(Maximum marks: 100)

[Note: -1. Question Number II is compulsory.

- 2. Missing data if any can be suitably assumed.
- 3. Drawing should be neat and fully dimensioned
- 4. A2 size drawing sheet to be supplied.
- 5. Sketch on 4th page.]

Marks

#### PART-A

(Maximum marks: 15)

- I Answer the following questions in one or two sentences. Each question carries 1½ marks.
  - 1. Distinguish between couple closed roof and single collar roof.
  - 2. In which situation the fully glazed or half glazed and panelled doors are used.
  - 3. Differentiate between plinth area and carpet area.
  - 4. What are the importance of orientations of building?
  - 5. What is the approximate area and cubic space requirement of a residential building per head?
  - 6. Distinguish between hip roof and gable roof.
  - Define bridge and culvert.
  - 8. What is depth of plot in KMBR?
  - 9. Define basement floor.
  - 10. Distinguish between coverage and FAR.

 $(10x1\frac{1}{2}=15)$ 

## PART—B

## (Maximum marks: 85)

II (a) Develop a line plan of a two bedroom with adherence to NBC and KMBR the residence should meet the following requirements appoximately with the following area:

Bed rooms

15m<sup>2</sup> each

Drawing rooms

 $16m^2$ 

Dining

 $16m^2$ 

Study/Guest bed

 $11m^2$ 

Ketchen

 $12m^2$ 

Work area

 $5m^2$ 

Sit out

 $5m^2$ 

Three attatched toilet

4m<sup>2</sup> each

Store

 $5m^2$ 

The size of the plot is 17m × 20m abutting a front side road of 6m wide.

25

- (b) The line plan shown in figure 1 is a twin house. draw the:

  - (ii) section along AA to a scale of 1:100

Foundation

- (i) PCC 1:4:8 mix, 10cm thick
- (ii) RR masonry 50 × 100cm

Basement

RR masonry 40cm × 45cm

Wall

Brick work in cm 1: 8, 24cm thick

Roofing

RCC flat 1:2:4 mix, 10cm thick

Hight of wall

300cm

Lintels and sunshade: RCC 1:2:4, 24cm × 15cm for lintel and

sunshades 8cm thick.

(15+15)

Draw the a suitable scale the elevation and sectional plan of a fully panelled door (double shutter) with the following specifications:

Size of door

100cm × 20cm

Size of frame

9cm × 7cm

Style

9.5cm × 3.5cm

15cm × 3.5cm

Kick rail Lock rail

Mid rail

15cm × 3.5cm

Top rail

9.5cm × 3.5cm

Top panels

 $8.5 \text{cm} \times 3.5 \text{cm}$  $25.5 \text{cm} \times 61 \text{cm} \times 2 \text{cm}$ 

Middle panels

25.5cm × 28cm × 2cm

Bottom panels

25.5cm × 55cm × 2cm

Provide hold fasts at suitable location.

	The details	of couple	close	roof	are	given	below.	Draw	the	cross	sectional	elevation
	to the following specifications:											

Effective span

4m

Wall thickness

30cm

Rafter

5cm × 12.5cm

Tie joist

 $4\text{cm} \times 15\text{cm}$ 

Ridge piece

8 × 20cm

Wall plate

 $15 \text{cm} \times 7.5 \text{cm}$ 

15

V Draw the half sectional plan of the RCC slab colvert with the following specifications:

Span

350cm

Bed level

+97.00m

Foundation level (bottom)

+95.70m

Road level

+100.00m

Foundation concrete

20cm thick

Thickness of abutment 90 cm for 160cm height and 75cm for remaining

160cm

Thickness of slab

40cm

Thickness of wearing coat

10cm

Projection of returned wing wall in 300cm; 90 degree with abutment wall size of returned wing wall is same as that of abutment wall.

Height of parapet

90cm.

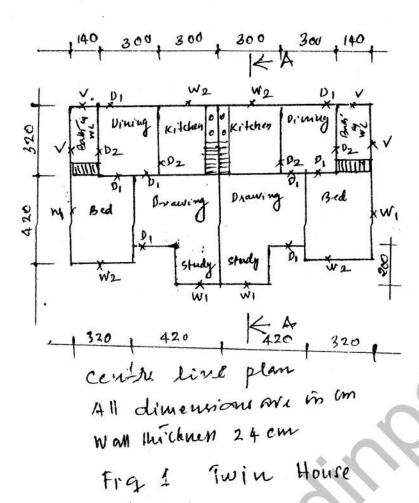
15

OR

VI Draw the drainage plan of the building shown in the line plan (figure No. 2).

15

BN.11(6)



Judex:

Di - Door 100 cm x 200 cm

D2 - 11 80 cm x 200 cm

Wi - Window 150 cm x 120 cm

W2 " 100 cm x 120 cm

V Ventilator 100 cm x bo cm

J Jally west

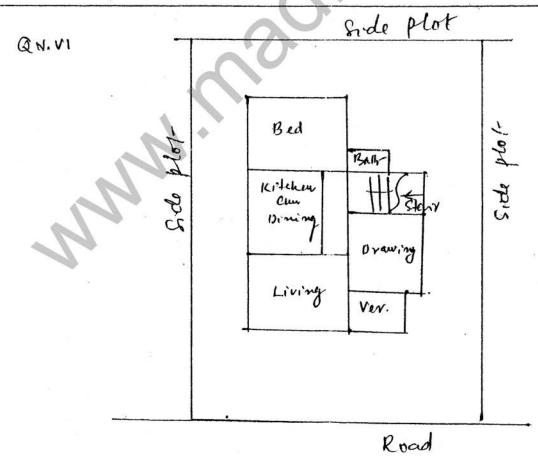


Fig. 2 (BH. Ho. VI)